The Economist

AUGUST 12TH-18TH 2017

Fire and fury over North Korea

The Fed's runners and riders

Was Google right to sack him?

Competitive punning: game of groans

Roadkill

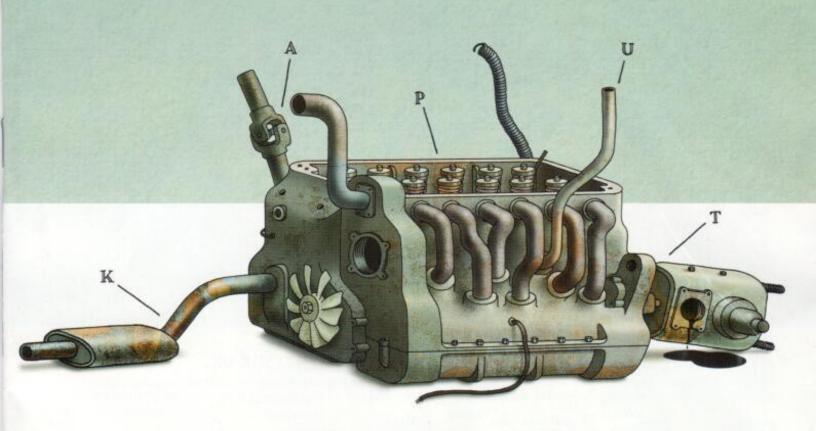


Fig. 1 The Internal Combustion Engine





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Print edition: available online by 7pm London time each Thursday Economist.com/print

Audio edition: available online to download each Friday Economist.com/audioedition

The Economist

Volume 424 Number 9053

Published since September 1843

to take part in "a severe contest between intelligence, which presses forward, and an unworthy, timid ignorance obstructing our progress."

Editorial offices in London and also:

Beijing, Berlin, Brussets, Cairo, Chicago, Madrid, Mexico City, Moscow, Mumbai, Nairobi, New Delhi, New York, Paris, San Francisco, Sao Paulo, Seoul, Shanghai, Singapore, Tokyo, Washington DC 5 The world this week

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Politics



Tensions rose between North Korea and America. The regime of Kim Jong Un threatened to strike at American armed forces in Guam, a response to a warning from Donald Trump to unleash "fire and fury like the world has never seen" if the regime continued to threaten America with its nuclear weapons. The heated rhetoric worried many and eclipsed an earlier decision by the UN Security Council to impose stringent new sanctions on North Korea.

Myanmar's official investigation into the human-rights abuses committed by the army in a crackdown against the Rohingya minority last October concluded that no such crimes had occurred. Earlier this year the UN reported mass killings, rapes and beatings committed against the Muslim Rohingya and called on the government to hold those responsible to account. Myanmar's response was to bar the UN from conducting its own investigation.

The Maldives looked set to execute murderers for the first time since the mid-1950s, when Britain was the colonial power. Amnesty International decried the island chain's restoration of the death penalty as a "transparent ploy" by the government to distract attention away from the country's political troubles.

Australia's debate on whether to legalise gay marriage got even more complicated. The government decided to hold an advisory voluntary postal vote on the issue after the

Senate killed a proposal for a referendum in which voting would be mandatory. But the strongest opposition to the mandatory vote came from supporters of same-sex marriage, who worried that it would be divisive.

An earthquake in the Chinese province of Sichuan killed at least 19 people and injured 250.

Clinging on

Jacob Zuma, the president of South Africa, kept his job after a motion of no confidence sponsored by the opposition failed to gather the 201 votes needed to remove him from office. Yet his victory was a slender one: perhaps a sixth of the MPS from the ruling African National Congress abstained or voted with the opposition.

Supporters of Raila Odinga, the main leader of the opposition in Kenya, took to the streets as a preliminary count of votes cast in a presidential election suggested that he had lost to the incumbent, Uhuru Kenyatta. Mr Odinga said the early results were "fake" and claimed that computers tabulating them had been hacked.



Paul Kagame, the president of Rwanda, won a third sevenyear term in office with nearly 99% of the vote in an election. Mr Kagame has in effect ruled Rwanda since 1994 when he led a rebel force that ended a genocide against Tutsis.

Government by decree

Venezuela's newly elected constituent assembly declared itself the most powerful body in the country and sacked the attorney-general, Luisa Ortega Díaz. The assembly was elected in a vote boycotted by the

opposition to the country's authoritarian regime. Ms Ortega had called it a "mockery of the people". Meanwhile, Mercosur, a South American trade bloc, suspended Venezuela as a member. Armed men under the command of a dissident captain attacked an army base, urging soldiers to rebel against the government.

America imposed sanctions on eight more Venezuelan officials, including the brother of the late Hugo Chávez, the leader of the country's "Bolivarian revolution". In all. America has levied sanctions on nearly 40 Venezuelans.

Joaquín "El Chapo" Guzmán, the former leader of Mexico's Sinaloa drug gang awaiting trial in New York, announced his legal team. They include two lawyers who successfully defended John Gotti junior, the son of a mafia boss, who had been put on trial for racketeering and kidnapping.

Watching Mueller's back

Rod Rosenstein, the official at the Justice Department who appointed Robert Mueller as special counsel to investigate Russian meddling in last year's election, publicly defended the probe, which Donald Trump has criticised for giving credence to a "phoney story". Mr Rosenstein reiterated that the investigation was subject to due legal process and was not a "fishing expedition". Two senators recently unveiled a bipartisan measure that would protect Mr Mueller from being sacked on Mr Trump's whim.

Chicago filed a lawsuit against the Justice Department for threatening to block federal funds that the city puts towards policing, because it won't help the feds identify illegal immigrants. Chicago is the first "sanctuary city" to take such legal action. Rahm Emanuel, the mayor, described the federal threat to withhold the funds as blackmail.

The governor of West Virginia, Jim Justice, switched parties, abandoning the Democrats to become a Republican.

The state has drifted towards the Republicans partly because of the Democrats' green agenda, which hurts local coalmining jobs. Joe Manchin, a conservative Democratic senator, is already feeling the pressure in his bid for re-election next year.

An attacker threw a small bomb at a mosque in Bloomington, Minnesota. No one was injured. The governor described it as a "dastardly" act of terrorism.

A leaked draft report by scientists working in 13 federal agencies concluded that climate change is real and already affecting America. The report was leaked by the scientists apparently because they feared that the Trump administration would try to suppress it.

In a lower key



A car ploughed into a group of soldiers who were patrolling a suburb of Paris, injuring six. The driver deliberately drove into the men, who had been deployed as part of Opération Sentinelle under France's state of emergency. The police arrested a suspect in the north of the country. It is the latest of several attacks on the security forces in France.

The UN special envoy to Libya endorsed Italy's naval mission to support the Libyan coastguard in trying to curb the flow of migrants in the Mediterranean. Launched earlier this month, the controversial mission has sparked criticism from human-rights groups for endangering migrants' lives as well as from Libyan factions opposed to the UN-backed government.